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- a potential for criticality, define a criticality safety program that:
- (i) Ensures that operations with fissionable material remain subcritical under all normal and credible abnormal conditions.
- (ii) Identifies applicable nuclear criticality safety standards, and
- (iii) Describes how the program meets applicable nuclear criticality safety standards.

§830.205 Technical safety requirements.

- (a) A contractor responsible for a hazard category 1, 2, or 3 DOE nuclear facility must:
- (1) Develop technical safety requirements that are derived from the documented safety analysis;
- (2) Prior to use, obtain DOE approval of technical safety requirements and any change to technical safety requirements; and
- (3) Notify DOE of any violation of a technical safety requirement.
- (b) A contractor may take emergency actions that depart from an approved technical safety requirement when no actions consistent with the technical safety requirement are immediately apparent, and when these actions are needed to protect workers, the public or the environment from imminent and significant harm. Such actions must be approved by a certified operator for a reactor or by a person in authority as designated in the technical safety requirements for nonreactor nuclear facilities. The contractor must report the emergency actions to DOE as soon as practicable.
- (c) A contractor for an environmental restoration activity may follow the provisions of 29 CFR 1910.120 or 1926.65 to develop the appropriate hazard controls (rather than the provisions for technical safety requirements in paragraph (a) of this section), provided the activity involves either:
- (1) Work not done within a permanent structure, or
- (2) The decommissioning of a facility with only low-level residual fixed radioactivity.

§830.206 Preliminary documented safety analysis.

If construction begins after December 11, 2000, the contractor responsible for a hazard category 1, 2, or 3 new DOE nuclear facility or a major modification to a hazard category 1, 2, or 3 DOE nuclear facility must:

- (a) Prepare a preliminary documented safety analysis for the facility, and
 - (b) Obtain DOE approval of:
- (1) The nuclear safety design criteria to be used in preparing the preliminary documented safety analysis unless the contractor uses the design criteria in DOE Order 420.1, Facility Safety; and
- (2) The preliminary documented safety analysis before the contractor can procure materials or components or begin construction; provided that DOE may authorize the contractor to perform limited procurement and construction activities without approval of a preliminary documented safety analysis if DOE determines that the activities are not detrimental to public health and safety and are in the best interests of DOE.

§830.207 DOE approval of safety basis.

- (a) By April 10, 2003, a contractor responsible for a hazard category 1, 2, or 3 existing DOE nuclear facility must submit for DOE approval a safety basis that meets the requirements of this Subpart.
- (b) Pending issuance of a safety evaluation report in which DOE approves a safety basis for a hazard category 1, 2, or 3 existing DOE nuclear facility, the contractor responsible for the facility must continue to perform work in accordance with the safety basis for the facility in effect on October 10, 2000, or as approved by DOE at a later date, and maintain the existing safety basis consistent with the requirements of this Subpart.
- (c) If the safety basis for a hazard category 1, 2, or 3 existing DOE nuclear facility already meets the requirements of this Subpart and reflects the current work and hazards associated with the facility, the contractor responsible for the facility must, by April 9, 2001, notify DOE, document the adequacy of the existing safety basis